

MIND MATH PRACTICE – TIER 2

| CONTENT | EXAMPLE |
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| Numbers 1 to 200 | Forward counting starting from 97 Backward counting starting from 183 |
| Predecessor from 1 to 200 | Predecessor of 146 |
| Successor from 1 to 200 | Successor of 189 |
| Odd numbers from 1 to 200 | Forward counting of odd numbers starting from 81 Backward counting of odd numbers starting from 179 |
| Even numbers from 1 to 200 | Forward counting of even numbers starting from 102 Backward counting of even numbers starting from 168 |
| Skip counting by 5s | Forward skip counting by 5s starting from 65 Backward skip counting by 5s starting from 190 |
| Skip counting by 10s | Forward skip counting by 10s starting from 57 Backward skip counting by 10s starting from 194 |
| Add 2 digit or 3 digit number to single digit number with units sum < 10 | 43+5 172+7 |
| Add 2 digit or 3 digit number to single digit number with units sum = 10 | 82+8 156+4 |
| Add 2 digit or 3 digit number to single digit number with units sum > 10 | 38+7 145+6 |
| Add single digit number to 10s | 30+8, 140+6 |
| Add single digit or 2 digit number to 100s | 100+56, 100+90, 100+8 |
| Add 2 digit 10s | 40+80, 90+70 |
| Add 2 digit number to 2 digit tens | 23+50, 78+90 |

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| Add 2 digit or 3 digit number to 9 | 48+9, 153+9 |
| Add 2 digit or 3 digit number to 19 | 56+19, 125+19 |
| Add 2 digit or 3 digit number to 8 | 25+8, 106+8 |
| Add 2 digit or 3 digit number to 18 | 63+18, 174+18 |
| Doubling of 2 digit 10s | Doubling of 70 |
| Doubling of 2 digit number ending with 5s | Doubling of 65 |
| Doubling of 2 digit number | Doubling of 87 |
| Subtract single digit number from 2 digit or 3 digit number (units place > single digit) | 78 – 5 147 – 3 |
| Subtract single digit number from 2 digit or 3 digit number (units place = single digit) | 84 – 4 126 – 6 |
| Subtract single digit number from 2 digit or 3 digit number (units place < single digit) | 90 – 8 130 – 6 |
| Subtract 2 digit tens from 2 digit tens | 80 – 50 |
| Subtract 2 digit tens from 2 digit number | 67 – 20 |
| Subtract 9 from 2 digit or 3 digit number | 47 – 9, 136 – 9 |
| Subtract 19 from 2 digit or 3 digit number | 83 – 19, 121 – 19 |
| Subtract any number from 100 | 100-8, 100-38, 100-40 |
| Subtract any number from 200 | 200-5, 200-57, 200-90, 200-192, 200-140 |
| Addition and subtraction rules | 32+?=32, 46-?=0, ?-85=0, ?-0 = 76 |
| Multiply single digit by 2, 5 or 10 | 3x5, 7x2, 9x10 |
| Multiply single digit by 20, 50 or 100 | 7x20, 9x50, 8x100 |
| Multiplication rules | 8x?=8, 9x?=0, ?x1=10 |
| Multiply 2 digit by 2 using doubling | 27x2, 58x2 |
| Multiply 2 digit by 10 | 35x10 |
| Multiply 2 digit by 20 using doubling | 46x20 |
| Divide by 2, 5 or 10 up to 10 times without remainder | 12 ÷ 2, 35 ÷ 5, 90 ÷ 10 |
| Divide by 2, 5 or 10 up to 10 times with remainder | 17 ÷ 2, 44 ÷ 5, 87 ÷ 10 |
| Dividend < divisor 2, 5 or 10 | 3 ÷ 5, 7 ÷ 10 |
| Division rules | 7 ÷ 1 = ?, 8 ÷ ? = 1, 9 ÷ 0 = ?, ? ÷ 5 = 0 |

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| Divisibility rules | What is the rule to check divisibility for 5? |
| Fraction | What is unit fraction? |
| Polygons | What is regular polygon? What is irregular polygon? |
| Name of a polygon | What is name of the polygon with 6 sides? |
| Shapes | Name few 2D shapes. Name few 3D shapes. |
| Measurement | Name few units used to measure time, length, weight, capacity and money. |

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